Blog Entry © Saturday, January 25, 2025, by James Pate Williams, Jr. Graphs and Tables of Airy Functions

The Airy Functions, Ai(z) and Bi(z) are the two linearly independent solutions of the second order ordinary differential equation:

$$y''(z) - y(z)z = 0$$

We use Frobenius' infinite power series method to solve the real version of the equation:

$$y(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n x^n$$

The initial conditions are y(0) = 0.35502805, y'(0) = -0.25881940.

$$y''(x) - y(x)x = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} [n(n-1)a_n x^{n-2} - a_n x^{n+1}] = 0$$

$$3 \cdot 2a_3 - a_0 = 0$$

$$a_3 = \frac{a_0}{6} \cong 0.059171342$$

$$4 \cdot 3a_4 - a_1 = 0$$

$$a_4 = \frac{a_1}{12} \cong -0.02156828$$

$$5 \cdot 4a_5 - a_2 = 0$$

$$a_5 = \frac{a_2}{20} = 0$$

$$6 \cdot 5a_6 - a_3 = 0$$

$$a_6 = \frac{a_3}{30} \cong 0.00197238$$

$$7 \cdot 6a_7 - a_4 = 0$$

$$a_7 = \frac{a_4}{42} \cong -5.1353048 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$8 \cdot 7a_8 - a_5 = 0$$

$$a_8 = \frac{a_5}{56} = 0$$

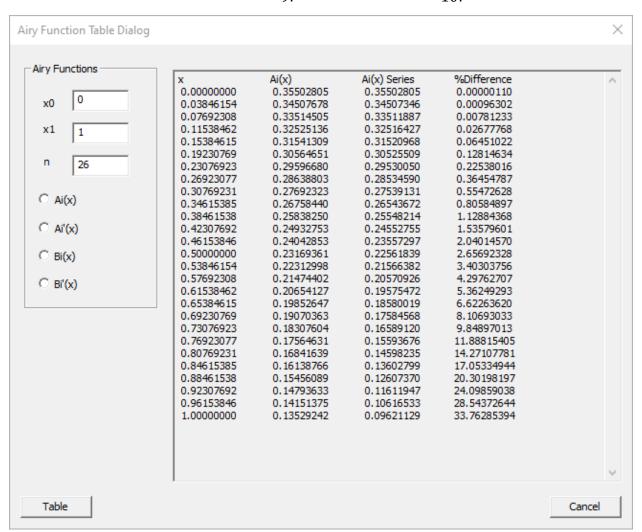
$$9 \cdot 8a_9 - a_6 = 0$$

$$a_9 = \frac{a_6}{72} \cong 2.7394167 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$10 \cdot 9a_{10} - a_7 = 0$$

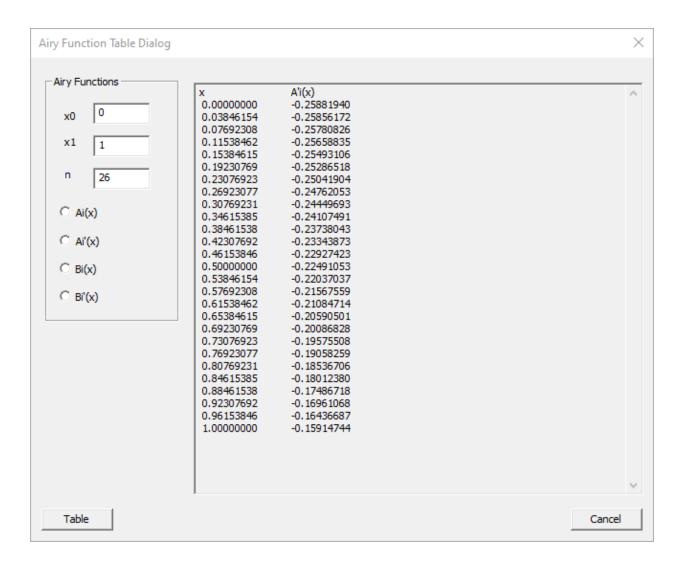
$$a_{10} = \frac{a_7}{90} \cong \frac{-0.00051353048}{90} \cong -5.7058942 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$y(x) \cong 0.35502805 - 0.25881940x + \frac{0.00197238x^6}{6!} - 5.1353048 \times \frac{10^{-4}x^7}{7!} + 2.7394167 \times \frac{10^{-5}x^9}{9!} - 5.7058942 \times \frac{10^{-6}x^{10}}{10!} + \cdots$$

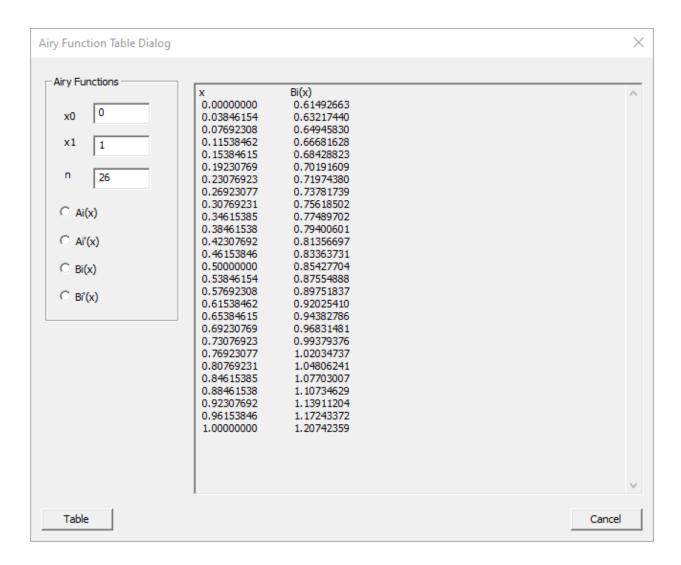


The series approximation is accurate for about x < 0.4.

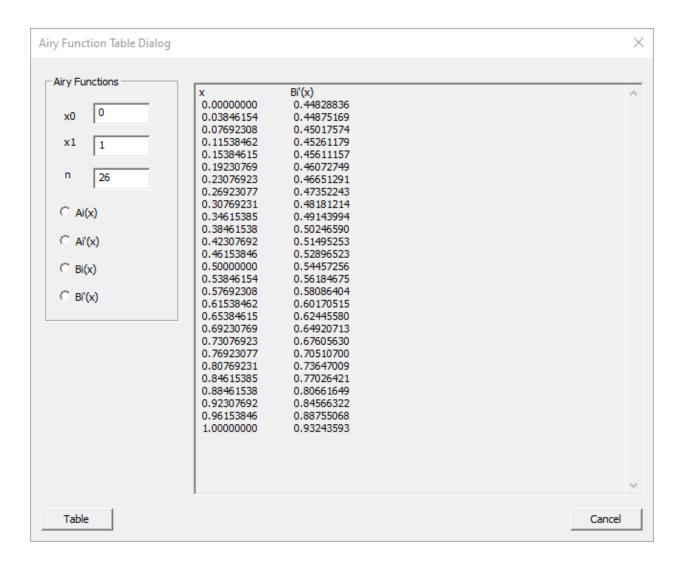
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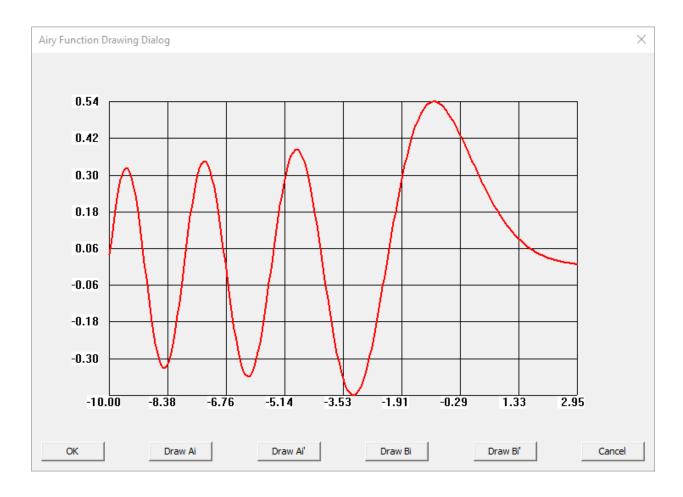
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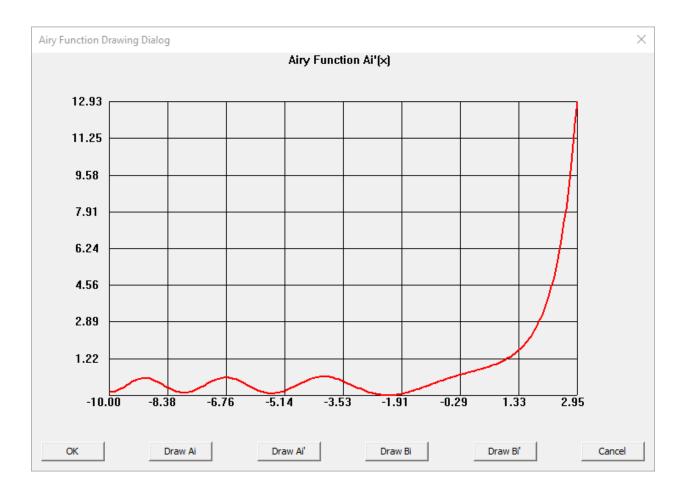


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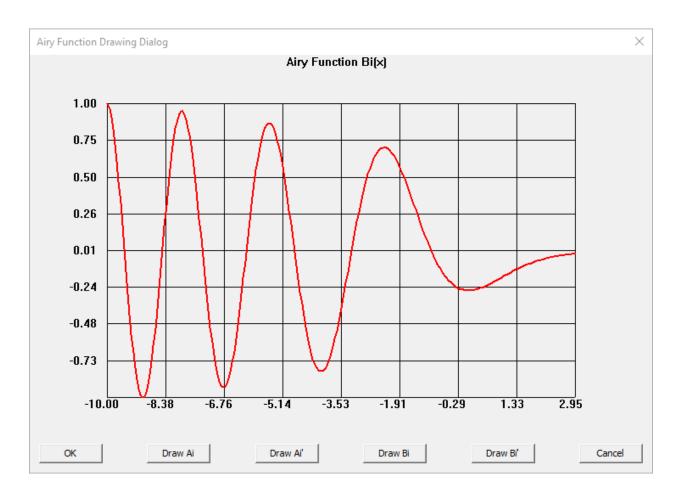


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